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New Jersey Equine Farmer Survey: Is my farm environmentally friendly?

A. Grazing and Pasture Management

1. YES NO NA Are your animals fenced at least 30 feet from ALL sensitive water features such as: well heads, creeks, streams, lakes, ponds, and wetlands?

The vegetated area between animals and water is called a buffer strip. Steeper slopes need wider strips. All buffer or filter strips should have permanent vegetative cover. Livestock should also be kept off septic systems to prevent compaction and damage to the system.

2. YES NO NA Is your buffer strip maintained in vegetative cover like tall grass, not weeds? Trees and shrubs along surface water are encouraged. If you have no water on or within 100 feet of property lines check yes.

3. YES NO NA Do you use fences, crossings, and limited access points to control animal access to state waters? Or if you have no water on or within 100 feet of property lines please check yes.



4. YES NO NA Do you rotate your pastures?

5. YES NO If you answered yes to number 4, do you use a sacrifice or exercise area to control access and maintain pasture quality?

B. Manure Storage

6. YES NO

Is your animal manure stored at least 100 feet from waters of the state?

7. YES NO

Is the manure stored on a concrete pad or compact clay, or removed and disposed regularly (monthly)?

C. Nutrient Management

8. YES NO NA (no manure applied) Do you take regular soil tests on your farm to ensure that fertilizers or manures are applied only to meet crop requirements (e.g. soil tests results are within Rutgers University guidelines)?

9. YES NO Do vou follow a manure management plan?



10. YES NO NA

Is manure spread on land that has slight or moderate slopes (<8%), and is at least 100 feet from sensitive waters?

11. YES NO NA

Is manure spread only during the growing season and not on frozen soils?

D. Clean Water

12. YES NO

Is clean water from rooftops or surrounding areas directed away from the manure storage, animal lots, and bare ground?

13. YES NO

Is storm water from your property managed so it is not contaminated by manure? This helps recharge our ground water.

14. YES NO

Do you manage barnyard runoff and wash stall wastewater to prevent contact with stormwater and or other water sensitive areas?

E. Erosion control

15. YES NO NA Are gullies on your property stabilized and soil erosion controlled? If no gullies check yes.

16. YES NO Is the amount of bare soil on the property minimized, through pasture seeding and management?

17. YES NO

Is the runoff from bare and paved areas (e.g., arenas, driveways and parking lots) filtered through a vegetative buffer strip?

- 18. Check all of the management practices in use on your farm.
 - ____Buffers or borders around the fields
 - _____Vegetative filters to prevent runoff
 - into open bodies of water
 - _____Drag pastures to break up manure
 - clumps
 - Terraces to limit erosion
 - _____Soil testing every three years
- _____Use of winter cover crops to prevent erosion

F. Feed Management

19. YES NO

Do you have feed bunks, mangers, hay feeders or other feeding areas that minimize feed (including hay) contact with the ground and stormwater contamination?

20. YES NO

Do you monitor the feed intake of your animals to prevent over consumption and minimize waste?

21. YES NO

Do you balance diets to minimize overfeeding (in addition to underfeeding) nutrients?

- 22. What is the best description of how you feed your animals?
 - Try to balance diets, with forages and concentrates
 - Get advice from my feed store
- Get advice from Extension
- Use the services of a consulting nutritionist

23. YES NO

Do you have an Animal Waste Management Plan (AWMP) for your farm?

This survey is meant to give you a relative idea of your farm's environmental impact. It is not meant to be a score of your overall management. This self-assessment will be used in determining your farm's eligibility for the Environmenatal Stewardship program sponsored by Rutgers University and the New Jersey Department of Agriculture.

New Jersey Animal Waste Requirements

The New Jersey Department of Agriculture has adopted Animal Waste Management Regulations, requiring all livestock owners to proactively address and manage non-point source pollution originating from livestock operations. This includes those farms with horses, dairy cows, cattle, swine, goats, sheep, poultry and all other domesticated species.

The regulations were written to prevent water and other environmental pollution. All livestock farmers are required to:

- 1. Store manure at least 100 feet away from waters of the state.
- 2. Control access of animals in confined areas to waters of the state.

All farms with eight or more animal units (1 unit = 1000 pounds) must implement an amimal waste management plan (AWMP). For more information please see the resources at <u>http://njaes.rutgers.edu/animalwaste-management/</u>

Rutgers Cooperative Extension is available to assist farm owners and managers with questions related to animal waste management. Please contact your local Extension agent; he/she will be able to assist you and refer you to needed resources.

Reference and adapted from:

Gilkerson, B. 2006. Is my barn ecofriendly? University of Minnesota Extension Service, Hennepin County. http://www.extension.umn.edu/extensionne ws/2005/ecofriendlybarn.html